

Structure of A Java Program

By

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Understand the Basics

- ✓ Class has Data Members and Member functions
- ✓ Data Members are accessed using Member functions
- ✓ Member functions may have
 - ✓ Data type declarations and Executable statements
- ✓ Java Program may contain One or More Classes
- ✓ Only one class must define the main method
- ✓ A Java program may have One or More Sections

Program Structure

Documentation Section

Package Statement

Import Statements

Interface Statements

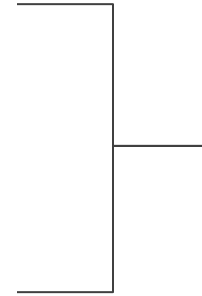
Class definitions

Main method Class

{

 Main method Definition

}



Sugessted

Optional

Essential

Documentation Section

- ✓ **Comments on each task in code is suggested.
(What, Why, How)**
- ✓ **// Single-line comments**
- ✓ **/*....*/ Multi-line comments**
- ✓ **/**....*/ For automatic generation of documents**

- ✓ **Suggested**

Package Statement

- ✓ **Package contains a set of classes**
- ✓ **First statement**
- ✓ **Declares Name of the Package**
- ✓ **Compiler verifies all the classes for the program**

- ✓ **Ex: package student;**

- ✓ **Optional**

Import Statements

- ✓ One or more
- ✓ Interpreter loads all the Classes of the Package
- ✓ We can access all the Classes

- ✓ Ex: `import java.lang.Math;`
 - ✓ `sqrt` method can be executed

- ✓ Optional

Interface Statements

- ✓ Declares methods
- ✓ Definitions must be Overridden
- ✓ Implemented

- ✓ Optional

Class definitions

- ✓ **One or more**
- ✓ **Optional**

Main method Class

Main method Class

```
{  
    Main method Definition  
}
```

- ✓ Only one class must have main
- ✓ Execution starts at main
- ✓ Objects creation
- ✓ Objects communications
- ✓ Program Termination
- ✓ OS passes Execution control to main
- ✓ OS receives back Execution control from main

Main method Class

```
// This code Computes Square Root of a given Number
import java.lang.Math;
class SquareRoot                                     // Main method class
{
    public static void main(String args[ ])         // Main method
    {
        double x = 5;           // Declaration and Initialization
        double y;               // Declaration
        y = Math.sqrt(x);       // Computation
        System.out.println(" Square Root of " + x + " is = " + y);
    }
}
```

Save – Compile - Execute

- ✓ Name of the Program: `SquareRoot.java`
- ✓ Command for Compilation: `javac SquareRoot.java`
- ✓ Command for Execution: `java SquareRoot`

Thank you